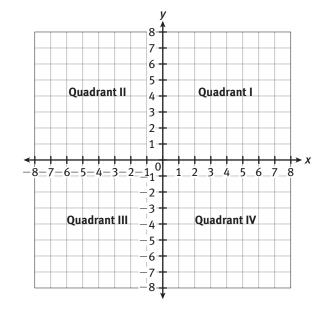
Coordinate Plane

The coordinate plane is a grid that is used to locate points by using numbers. A coordinate plane is a pair of perpendicular number lines or axes. One axis is the horizontal axis, or *x*-axis. The other axis is the vertical axis, or *y*-axis. The axes divide the coordinate grid into four quadrants.

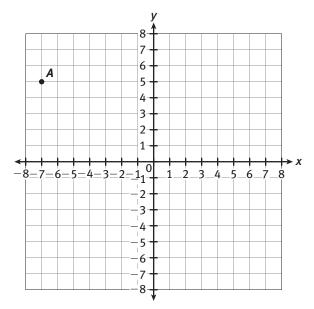
Each point is assigned an *ordered pair*, (x, y). The ordered pair first gives the x-coordinate of the location of the point and then its y-coordinate. The point where the two axes meet is called the *origin*. The origin is located at (0, 0). For the x-coordinate, values to the left of 0 are negative and values to the right of 0 are positive. For the y-coordinate, values below 0 are negative and values above 0 are positive.

Coordinate planes are commonly used on maps.



EXAMPLE A

What is the location of point *A* on the coordinate grid below?



Step 1: Find the value of the x-coordinate. Count the number of units to the left of 0.

Step 2: Find the value of the y-coordinate. Count the number of units above 0.

Step 3: Write the ordered pair.

Solution: Point *A* is located at (-7, 5).

A is located 7 units to the left of 0.

The *x*-coordinate is -7.

A is located 5 units above 0.

The *y*-coordinate is 5.

The ordered pair is (-7, 5).

Coordinate Plane (continued)

You can plot points on a coordinate grid using these rules.

- The first coordinate tells the number of units to the left or right of 0.
- The second coordinate tells the number of units below or above 0.

EXAMPLE B

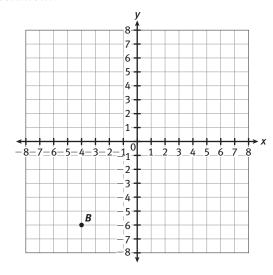
Plot point B at (-4, -6) on a coordinate grid.

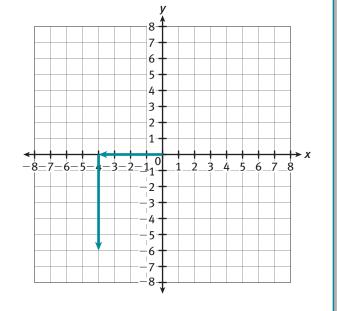
Step 1: Starting at (0, 0), move 4 units to the left.

Step 2: From that point, (-4, 0), move 6 units down.

Step 3: Plot point B.

Solution:





PRACTICE

Give the coordinates of each point.

1. *C*

2. D

3. *E*

4. *F*

5. *G*

6. *H*

Plot each ordered pair on the coordinate grid.

7. Point *J* at (-5, 6)

8. Point *K* at (0, -6)

- **9.** Point L at (5, 0)
- **10.** If you connect points *D*, *F*, and *G*, what polygon would you form? Describe it as specifically as you can. Explain why your answer is correct.

